

# **VERIFICATION REPORT**

The requirement on Grid Connection of Provincial Electricity Authority B.E. 2559 (2016)

Report No. :	162/63-148
EUT No. :	SC-63-0122
Laboratory Name	Electrical and Electronic Products Testing Center
Address:	141 Thailand Science Park, Innovation Cluster 2 Tower D, Phahonyothin Rd., Khlong Nueng, Khlong Luang, Pathum Thani 12120, Thailand
Applicant's Name	Shenzhen SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd.
Address:	401, Building 4, AnTongDa Industrial Park, District 68, XingDong Community, XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China.
Test specification	
Standard:	The requirement on Grid Connection of Provincial Electricity Authority Thailand B.E. 2559 (2016)
Non-standard test method:	<u>-</u>
Test item description:	
Trademark:	S & FAR
Model and/or type reference:	SOFAR 3300TL-G3
Date of receipt	

Prepare by

Eakkachai Taesanoo Engineer

T. Eakkachai

Approved by

Ruengrit Ninae Operation Manager

PTEC-LB-FR-162

REV.0/24-10-17



Detail of reference test report	
Test Report No:	PVTH200320N031
Total number of pages:	51
Testing Laboratory:	Bureau Veritas Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Dongguan Branch
	No. 34, Chenwulu Section, Guantai Rd., Houjie Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong 523942, China
Testing location:	Bureau Veritas Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Dongguan Branch
	No. 34, Chenwulu Section, Guantai Rd., Houjie Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong 523942, China
Test specification:	IEC 61727:2004, IEC 62116:2008, Deviations for Thailand according the grid-connected inverter regulations of the Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016)
Tested by:	Lukes Lin
Reviewed by:	-
Approved by	James Huang
Date of report issue:	2020-06-24

	<u> </u>
Test item description	Solar Inverter
Trademark:	SOFAR SOLAR
Model and/or type reference:	SOFAR 3300TL-G3
Rating	
Input DC MPP voltage range [V]:	50-550
Input DC voltage Max [V]:	550
Input DC current [A]:	Max.12
Output AC voltage [V]:	220Va.c., 50/60Hz
Output AC current [A]:	
Output power [W]:	3300
Firmware Version	V2.30



# Summary of verification report

Test result of report No. **PVTH200320N031** was result of Photovoltaic Grid- Tied Inverter model **SOFAR 3300TL-G3**. It was verified by Electrical and Electronic Products Testing Center (PTEC) and **compiled** according to Requirements on Grid Connection of Provincial Electricity Authority BE 2559 (2016) as following.

No.	Item	Reference Report No.	Standard Reference	Verdict
1	Active power control	PVTH200320N031	PEA	Pass
2	Reactive power control	-	-	
2.1	A Fixed Displacement Factor cos θ	PVTH200320N031	PEA	Pass
2.2	A variable reactive power depending on the voltage Q(U)	No test result	PEA	-
3	Under/over frequency protection	PVTH200320N031	IEC 61727	Pass
4	Voltage fluctuation	PVTH200320N031	IEC 61000-3-11	Pass
5	Harmonics	PVTH200320N031	IEEE 1547.1	Pass
6	DC injection	PVTH200320N031	IEC 61727	Pass
7	Low voltage fault ride through	No test result	PEA	
8	Under/over voltage protection	PVTH200320N031	IEC 61727	Pass
9	Anti-islanding	PVTH200320N031	IEC 62116	Pass
10	Response to utility recovery	PVTH200320N031	IEC 61727	Pass

This report consists of the following document:

- 1. Verification Result (10 Page)
- 2. Attach Document Reference Report No. PVTH200320N031 (54 Page)

### Standard Reference:

- IEEE 1547.1 2005 Interconnecting Distributed Resources with Electric Power Systems
- **IEC 62116:2008**: Utility-interconnected photovoltaic inverters Test procedure of islanding prevention measures
- IEC 61727 Photovoltaic (PV) systems Characteristics of the utility interface
- **IEC 61000-3-11**: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 3-11: Limits Limitation of voltage fluctuations and flicker in low-voltage power supply systems for equipment with rated current > 75 A
- **PEA**: Thailand according to the grid-connected inverter regulations of the Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA):2016



	VERIFIC	ATION REPORT	
Clause	PEA Requirement	Result – Remark	Verdict
8.1.2	Active Power Control The power generating system of VSPP must be capable of reducing electric power from 100 %to zero by decreasing 10 % electric power per one minute. In this regard, if there is any abnormality occurred in the grid system or any incident considered by PEA as an impact affecting safety and stability of the grid system, PEA would inform and/or give an order to the VSPP to reduce electric power as appropriate.	Active Power Control  1) Requirement The requirements on Grid Connection of Provincial Electricity Authority  2) Test result See Test report no: PVTH200320N031, Page 42  3) Verification test result  The PV inverter is capable of reducing electric power from 100 %to zero by decreasing 10 % electric power per one minute.	Pass
8.1.3	Reactive Power Control  The power generating system of VSPP must be able to control power factor )PF (or reactive power to maintain voltage level at PCC aligned with PEA's standards .The power generating system of service applicants must have capacity as stated in Table 1.	<ul> <li>Reactive Power Control</li> <li>1) Requirement</li> <li>The requirements on Grid Connection of Provincial Electricity Authority</li> <li>2) Test result</li> <li>See Test report no: PVTH200320N031,</li> <li>Page 38 Reactive power capability</li> <li>Page 39-40 A Fixed Displacement Factor cos θ test result</li> <li>No A variable reactive power depending on the voltage Q(U) test result.</li> </ul>	Pass



	VE	RIFICATION REPORT	
Clause	PEA Requirement	Result – Remark	Verdict
		<ul><li>3) Verification test result</li><li>3.1 Reactive power capability</li></ul>	Pass
		Reactive Capability (Q,P)  3.5 3.0 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 Reactive Power Q[kVar]	
		3.2 A Fixed Displacement Factor cos θ (PF 0.90) test  PF. PF. Measurement* Set point Max Min 1.0 0.999 0.978 0.90 lagging 0.906 0.866 0.90 Leading 0.900 0.883  *@Pout =10% to 100%	Pass
		No A variable reactive power depending on the voltage Q(U) test result	



	VERIFIC	ATION REPO	RT			
Clause	PEA Requirement	Result – Remark  Under and Over Frequency Protection				Verdict
8.2	The power generating system of VSPP must disconnect itself from the grid system within 0.1 seconds if the frequency at PCC is not in the range of 47 Hz-52 Hz.		e Standar	d /TH200320N		Pass
		Frequency at PCC	Measur (Sec)		Result	
		f < 47	0.082	2 <0.1	Pass	
		f > 52	0.076	S <0.1	Pass	
8.3	Voltage Fluctuation  The power generating system of VSPP must not create voltage fluctuation exceeding the limit based on the PEA's rules concerning the Regulations on Grid Connection B.E.2559.  Regulations on Grid Connection B.E.2559.  The operation of the inverter should not cause voltage flicker in excess of limits:  Short-term Severity Values (Pst) not	Voltage Fluct 1) Referenc IEC 61000-3-3 2) Test resu See Test repo Page 13 3) Verificati	e Standa 5 Ilt ort no : P\	/TH200320N	N031,	Pass
	exceed 1.0	Test item	Limit	Result	Verdict	
	Long-term Severity Values (Plt) not exceed 0.8	Pst	1.0	0.09	Pass	
		Plt	0.8	0.07	Pass	



	VERIFIC	ATION REPOI	RT			
Clause	PEA Requirement	Result – Remark				Verdict
Clause 8.4	Harmonic The power generating system of VSPP must not inject harmonic current to the grid system exceeding the limit based on the PEA's rules concerning the Regulations of Grid Connection B.E.2559. Regulations of Grid Connection B.E.2559. Regulations of Grid Connection B.E.2559. The Inverter output should have low current-distortion and low voltage distortion levels to ensure that no adverse effects are caused to other equipment connected to the utility system .Each individual harmonic shall be limited to the listed in Table 5.1 and Table 5-2 of attach 4.  STATE TO STATE	Harmonics 1) Reference Standard IEEE1547.1-2005 Total harmonic current distortion is les rated inverter output Individual harmonics don't exceed the distortion limit  2) Test result See Test report no: PVTH200320N03 Page 15 to 20  3) Verification test result		the given	Pass Pass	
8.5	DC Injection The power generating system of VSPP must not supply direct current to the grid system exceeding the limit based on the PEA's regulations concerning the Regulations on Grid Connection B.E.2559.	DC Injection 1) Reference IEC 61727 2) Test result See Test repo	t		N031,	Pass
	Regulations on Grid Connection B.E.2559. The inverter shall not inject DC current greater than 0.5 % of the rated inverter output current, into the utility AC interface under any operating condition.	Page 14  3) Verificatio Output Power 33% 66% 100%	n test res Limit [%] 0.5 0.5	Max.DC [%] 0.11 0.13 0.15	Verdict Pass Pass Pass	

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01	55.5		ATION RI					.,
Clause	PEA Requirement		Result – Remark					Verdic
12.1	Low Voltage Fault Ride Thro		tage Fault R	Ride Throu	ıgh			
	The power system of VSPP must not disconnect itself from the grid system within the required period during temporary low voltage of the grid system .The voltage at PCC is determined as shown in Table Fault Ride Through		Electricity Authority					
	Duration of Low Voltage Fault F	Ride	See Test	report no, N	I/A			
	Through	Page: N/	A					
	Voltage at PCC  Duration Time (Second)  1) Low voltage 2) Moderate voltage or high voltage (electrical	3) Verification test result						
			3.1) Out	out Power >	0.9Pn			
	voltage (electrical installation not exceeding 500 kilowatt).		Test List	V (V/Vn)	Duration (mS)	Limit (mS)	verdict	
	,	Λ -	Three-	0.7-0.8 Vn		>993.75		
	voltage (electrical shown in	(electrical shown in Picture 1.	phase faults	0.3-0.5 Vn		>150		
installation				0-0.049Vn		>150		
			Phase	0.7-0.8 Vn		>993.75		
			to phase	0.3-0.5 Vn		>150		
	♦ Voltage		faults	0-0.049Vn		>150		
	1.00 (ou.)	1.00	1.00 0.90 Phase to ground 0.3-0.5 Vn	0.7-0.8 Vn		>993.75		
	doctoderses	Max Incidences (Must not disconnect)  srealarces (May disconnect)			>150			
	0.50 similarites (May disconnect)		faults   0-0.049Vn   >150					
	0.00 0 0.15 1.50 Picture 1. Low Voltage Fault Ride Through	fisecond)	Test List	V (V/Vn)	Duration (mS)	Limit (mS)	verdict	
			Three-	0.7-0.8 Vn		>993.75		
			phase faults	0.3-0.5 Vn		>150		
				0-0.049Vn		>150		
			Phase	0.7-0.8 Vn		>993.75		
			to phase	0.3-0.5 Vn		>150		
			faults	0-0.049Vn		>150		
			Phase	0.7-0.8 Vn		>993.75		
			to ground	0.3-0.5 Vn		>150		
			faults		1			

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		VERIFIC	CATION R	EPORT				
Clause	PEA Re	equirement		Res	sult – Rem	ark		Verdict
			3.3) Output Power 0.1Pn					
			Test List	V (V/Vn)	Duration (mS)	Limit (mS)	verdict	
			Three-	0.7-0.8 Vn		>993.75	5	
			phase faults	0.3-0.5 Vn		>150		
				0-0.049Vn		>150		╝
			Phase	0.7-0.8 Vn		>993.75	5	╛
			to Phase	0.3-0.5 Vn		>150		
			faults	0-0.049Vn		>150		_
			Phase	0.7-0.8 Vn		>993.75	5	_
			ground	0.3-0.5 Vn		>150		_
			faults	0-0.049Vn		>150		╛
	disconnect itself from the grid system if voltage level of line to neutral in the utility system is out of ranges as stated in Table 3.   Table 3. The Disconnect Duration of Falling Voltage Out of Rated Voltage Ranges  Voltage at PCC Disconnect Duration (Second) 0.3 0.3 0.0% $\leq V \leq 50\%$ 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0		Page 22	esult t report no:		320N031		
			Voltag	e at PCC	Max Meas. (Sec)	Limit (Sec)	Result	
			V < 50%	%	0.208	<0.3	Pass	
			50% ≤ 1	V< 90%	1.820	<2.0	Pass	
			90% ≤	V ≤ 110%	No trip	Cont.	Pass	
			110% < 120%	: V <	0.660	<1.0	Pass	



Clause PEA Requirement Result – Remark  12.3 Anti-Islanding In order to prevent anti-islanding while there is no electricity in grid system to be supplied to the power system of VSPP, the power generating system of VSPP must disconnect itself from the utility system within 1 seconds.  Anti-Islanding 1) Reference Standard IEC 62116  2) Test result See Test report no: PVTH200320N Page 31-37	031	Verdict Pass	
In order to prevent anti-islanding while there is no electricity in grid system to be supplied to the power system of VSPP, the power generating system of VSPP must disconnect itself from the utility system  1) Reference Standard IEC 62116  2) Test result See Test report no: PVTH200320N	031	Pass	
3) Verification test result	Anti-Islanding 1) Reference Standard IEC 62116 2) Test result See Test report no: PVTH200320N031 Page 31-37		
% Off Maximum Limit Pout <sub>rating</sub> Runtime (Sec)			
100 0.646 < 1.0	Pass		
66 0.664 < 1.0	Pass		
33 0.646 < 1.0	Pass		
After the power generating system of VSPP disconnect itself from the grid system because of power outage or voltage/frequency is out of the ranges, when the grid system is back to normal, the power system of VSPP must delay the time to reconnect itself to the grid system at a minimum of 20 seconds to 5 minutes.  Response to Utility Recovery  1) Reference Standard  IEC 61727  2) Test result  See Test report no: PVTH200320N  Page 22-23, 26-38, 30  3) Verification test result	031	Pass	
Limit Max. Recovery time (Sec) Recovery time (Sec)	Result		
20 - 300 76	Pass		

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	Oi	KELOKI	



# TEST REPORT IEC 61727 / IEC 62116

# Photovoltaic (PV) systems Characteristics of the utility interface

Test procedure of islanding prevention measures for utility-interconnected photovoltaic inverters

Report reference number .....: PVTH200320N031

Date of issue ...... 2020-06-24

Total number of pages ...... 51

Testing laboratory name ...... Bureau Veritas Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Dongguan Branch

Guangdong Province, 523942, People's Republic of China

Accreditation .....:





Applicant's name.....: Shenzhen SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd.

Address .....: 401, Building 4, AnTongDa Industrial Park, District 68, XingDong

Community, XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China.

Test specification

Standard.....: IEC 61727:2004, IEC 62116:2008,

Deviations for Thailand according the grid-connected inverter regulations of the Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016)

Test Report Form No. ..... IEC61727/IEC62116\_PEA VER.2

TRF Originator ....... Bureau Veritas Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Dongguan Branch

Master TRF ...... Dated 2020-03-20

Test item description ...... Solar Grid-tied Inverter



Model / Type .....: SOFAR 3300TL-G3

This report is governed by, and incorporates by reference, CPS Conditions of Service as posted at the date of issuance of this report at <a href="http://www.bureauveritas.com/home/about-us/eur-business/cps/about-us/terms-conditions/and is intended for your exclusive use. Any copying or replication of this report to or for any other person or entity, or use of our name or trademark, is permitted only with our prior written permission. This report sets forth our findings solely with respect to the test samples identified herein. The results set forth in this report are not indicative or representative of the quality or characteristics of the lot from which a test sample was taken or any similar or identical product unless specifically and expressly noted. Our report includes all of the tests requested by you and the results thereof based upon the information that you provided to us. Measurement uncertainty is only provided upon request for accredited tests. You have 60 days from date of issuance of this report to notify us of any material error or omission caused by our negligence or if you require measurement uncertainty; provided, however, that such notice shall be in writing and shall specifically address the issue you wish to raise. A failure to raise such issue within the prescribed time shall constitute you unqualified acceptance of the completeness of this report, the tests conducted and the correctness of the report contents.

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TRF No. IEC61727/IEC62116\_PEA VER.2



Report No.: PVTH200320N031

Ratings:	SOFAR 3300TL-G3
Input DC voltage [V]:	550 Max.
MPP DC voltage range [V]:	50-550
Input DC current [A]:	12 Max.
Isc PV [A]:	15 Max.
Output AC voltage [V]:	220Va.c., 50/60Hz
Max. Output AC current [A]:	16
Rated Output power [W]:	3300
Max Output power [VA]	3300



anda

Testing Location Bureau Veritas	Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Dongguan Branch
---------------------------------	------------------------------------

Address .....: No. 96, Guantai Road (Houjie Section), Houjie Town, Dongguan City,

Guangdong Province, 523942, People's Republic of China

Tested by

(name and signature) .....: Lukes Lin

Approved by

(name and signature) .....: James Huang

Manufacturer's name ...... Shenzhen SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd.

Community, XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China.

Factory's name .....: Dongguan SOFAR SOLAR Co.,Ltd.

Village, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City

Document His	Document History				
Date	Internal reference	Modification / Change / Status	Revision		
2020-06-24	Lukes Lin	Initial report was written	0		
Supplementa	ry information:				

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# Test items particulars

Equipment mobility.....: Permanent connection

Operating condition .....: Continuous

Class of equipment .....: Class I

Protection against ingress of water..: IP65 according to EN 60529

#### **Test case verdicts**

Test case does not apply

to the test object.....: N/A

Test item does meet

the requirement .....: P(ass)

Test item does not meet

the requirement .....: F(ail)

#### **Testing**

Date of receipt of test item .....: 2020-03-20

Date(s) of performance of test ......: 2020-03-20 to 2020-06-23

#### General remarks:

The test result presented in this report relate only to the object(s) tested.

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"(see Annex #)" refers to additional information appended to the report.

"(see appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report.

Throughout this report a comma is used as the decimal separator.

### This Test Report consists of the following documents:

- 1. Test Results
- 2. Annex No. 1 Pictures of the unit
- 3. Annex No. 2 Test equipment list

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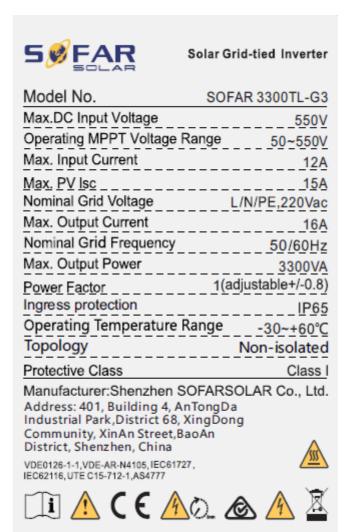
Email: customerservice.dg@bureauveritas.com

TRF No. IEC61727/IEC62116\_PEA VER.2



Report No.: PVTH200320N031

# Copy of marking plate:





# General product information:

The Grid tied photovoltaic inverter converts DC voltage into AC voltage.

The input and output are protected by Varistors to Earth. The unit is providing EMC filtering at the output toward mains. The unit does not provide galvanic separation from input to output (transformerless). The output is switched off redundant by the high power switching bridge and a two relays. This assures that the opening of the output circuit will also operate in case of one error.

The internal control is redundant built. It consists of Microcontroller Main DSP (UC34) and RCU DSP(U03). The Main DSP(UC34) control the relays by switching signals; measures the PV voltage, PV current, Bus voltage, grid voltage, frequency, AC current with injected DC and the array insulation resistance to ground. In addition it tests the current sensors and the RCMU circuit before each start up.

The RCU DSP (U03) is measures the grid voltage, AC current, grid frequency and residual current, also can switch off the relays independently, and communicate with Main DSP (UC34) each other.

The current is measured by a current sensor. The AC current signal and the injected DC current signal are sent to the Main DSP(UC34). The Main DSP(UC34) tests and calibrates before each start up all current sensors.

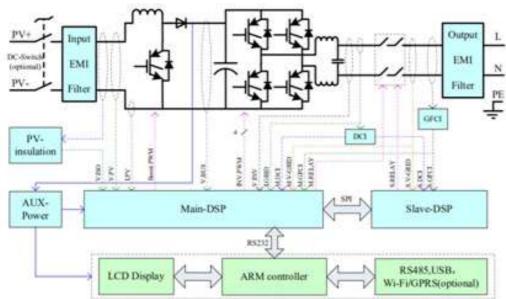


Figure 1 - Block diagram

The unit provides two relays in series in all output conductors. When single fault applied to one relay, alarm an error code in display panel, another redundant relay provides basic insulation maintained between the PV array and the mains. All the relays are tested before each start up.

## The product was tested on:

Hardware version: V1.00 Software version: V2.30

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# Interface protection settings with deviations according the grid-connected inverter regulations of the Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016)

# (Thailand PEA)

Parameter	Max. clearance time* Trip setting		
Over voltage (level 2)	0,16s	220V +20% (264V)	
Over voltage (level 1)	1,0s	220V +10% (242V)	
Under voltage (level 1)	2,0s 220V -10% (198V)		
Under voltage (level 2)	0,3s 220V -50% (110V)		
Over frequency	0,1s 50Hz +4% (52,0Hz)		
Under frequency	0,1s 50Hz -6% (47,0Hz		
Reconnection time	20s - 5min		
Permanent DC-injection	0,5% of rated inverter output current		
Loss of main IEC 62116:2008	Inverter shall detect and disconnect within 1s		

<sup>\*</sup> Trip time refers to the time between the abnormal condition occurring and the inverter ceasing to energize the utility line. The PV system control circuits shall actually remain connected to the utility to allow sensing of utility electrical conditions for use by the "reconnect" feature.

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TRF No. IEC61727/IEC62116\_PEA VER.2



Report No.: PVTH200320N031

	IEC61727:2004				
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		
	SECTION 4: Utility compatibili	ty			
4	General The quality of power provided by the PV system for the on-site AC loads and for power delivered to the utility is governed by practices and standards on voltage, flicker, frequency, harmonics and power factor. Deviation from these standards represents out-of-bounds conditions and may require the PV system to sense the deviation and properly disconnect from the utility system.  All power quality parameters (voltage, flicker, frequency, harmonics, and power factor) must be measured at the utility interface/ point of common coupling unless otherwise specified.	Noticed	P		
4.1	Voltage, current and frequency The PV system AC voltage, current and frequency shall be compatible with the utility system.	Derived from tests	P		
4.2	Normal voltage operating range Utility-interconnected PV systems do not normally regulate voltage; they inject current into the utility. Therefore, the voltage operating range for PV inverters is selected as a protection function that responds to abnormal utility conditions, not as a voltage regulation function.	Derived from tests	P		
4.3	Flicker The operation of the PV system should not cause voltage flicker in excess of limits stated in the relevant sections of IEC 61000-3-3 for systems less than 16 A or IEC 61000-3-5 for systems with current of 16 A and above.	See table 4.3	Р		
4.4	DC injection The PV system shall not inject DC current greater than 1 % of the rated inverter output current, into the utility AC interface under any operating condition.	The following deviations were used: Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016) See table 4.4	Р		
4.5	Normal frequency operating range The PV system shall operate in synchronism with the utility system, and within the frequency trip limits defined in 5.2.2.	The following deviations were used: Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016)  See table 5.2.2	Р		

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TRF No. IEC61727/IEC62116\_PEA VER.2



Report No.: PVTH200320N031

	IEC61727:2004			
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	
	SECTION 4: Utility compatibility	ty		
4.6	Harmonics and waveform distortion Low levels of current and voltage harmonics are desirable; the higher harmonic levels increase the potential for adverse effects on connected equipment. Acceptable levels of harmonic voltage and current depend upon distribution system characteristics, type of service, connected loads/apparatus, and established utility practice.  The PV system output should have low current-distortion levels to ensure that no adverse effects are caused to other equipment connected to the utility system.  Total harmonic current distortion shall be less than 5 % at rated inverter output. Each individual harmonic shall be limited to the percentages listed in Table 1.  Even harmonics in these ranges shall be less than 25 % of the lower odd harmonic limits listed. (see Clause 4.6 Table 1 – Current distortion limits)	The following deviations were used: Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016)  See tables 4.6 (1) and 4.6 (2)	P	
4.7	Power factor The PV system shall have a lagging power factor greater than 0,9 when the output is greater than 50 % of the rated inverter output power.	See table 3.4	P	



IEC61727:2004						
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict			
	SECTION 5: Personnel safety and equipment protection					
5	General This Clause provides information and considerations for the safe and proper operation of the utility-connected PV systems.	Noticed	Р			
5.1	Loss of utility voltage  To prevent islanding, a utility connected PV system shall cease to energize the utility system from a de-energized distribution line irrespective of connected loads or other generators within specified time limits.  A utility distribution line can become de-energized for several reasons. For example, a substation breaker opening due to fault conditions or the distribution line switched out during maintenance.  If inverters (single or multiple) have DC SELV input and have accumulated power below 1 kW then no mechanical disconnect (relay) is required.	The following deviations were used: Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016)	P			
5.2	Over/under voltage and frequency Abnormal conditions can arise on the utility system that requires a response from the connected photovoltaic system. This response is to ensure the safety of utility maintenance personnel and the general public, as well as to avoid damage to connected equipment, including the photovoltaic system. The abnormal utility conditions of concern are voltage and frequency excursions above or below the values stated in this Clause, and the complete disconnection of the utility, presenting the potential for a distributed resource island.	The following deviations were used: Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016) See table 5.2.1 and 5.2.2	P			
5.2.1	Over/under voltage When the interface voltage deviates outside the conditions specified in Table 2, the photovoltaic system shall cease to energize the utility distribution system. This applies to any phase of a multiphase system. All discussions regarding system voltage refer to the local nominal voltage. The system shall sense abnormal voltage and respond. The following conditions should be met, with voltages in RMS and measured at the point of utility connection. (see clause 5.2.1 Table 2 – Response to abnormal voltages) The purpose of the allowed time delay is to ride through short-term disturbances to avoid excessive nuisance tripping. The unit does not have to cease to energize if the voltage returns to the normal utility continuous operation condition within the specified trip time.	The following deviations were used: Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016)  See table 5.2.1	P			

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	IEC61727:2004			
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	
	SECTION 5: Personnel safety and equipme	ent protection		
5.2.2	Over/under frequency When the utility frequency deviates outside the specified conditions the photovoltaic system shall cease to energize the utility line. The unit does not have to cease to energize if the frequency returns to the normal utility continuous operation condition within the specified trip time.  When the utility frequency is outside the range of ±1 Hz, the system shall cease to energize the utility line within 0,2 s. The purpose of the allowed range and time delay is to allow continued operation for short-term disturbances and to avoid excessive nuisance tripping in weak-utility system conditions.	The following deviations were used: Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016) See table 5.2.2	P	
5.3	Islanding protection The PV system must cease to energize the utility line within 2 s of loss of utility.	The following deviations were used: Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016) See table 6.1	P	
5.4	Response to utility recovery Following an out-of-range utility condition that has caused the photovoltaic system to cease energizing, the photovoltaic system shall not energize the utility line for 20 s to 5 min after the utility service voltage and frequency have recovered to within the specified ranges.	See table 5.2.1 and 5.2.2	P	
5.5	Earthing The utility interface equipment shall be earthed/grounded in accordance with IEC 60364-7-712.	Stated in the manual.	Р	
5.6	Short circuit protection The photovoltaic system shall have short-circuit protection in accordance with IEC 60364-7-712.	Stated in the manual.	Р	
5.7	Isolation and switching A method of isolation and switching shall be provided in accordance with IEC 60364-7-712.	Stated in the manual.	Р	

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Test overv	Test overview:			
	IEC 61727:2004			
Clause	Type Test	Result		
4	Type test:	·		
4.3	Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker (see Annex 1 EMC Report)	Р		
4.4	Monitoring of DC-Injection	Р		
4.5	Normal frequency operating range (see 5.2.2 below)	Р		
4.6	Harmonics and waveform distortion	Р		
4.7	Power factor	Р		
5.2.1	Voltage monitoring	Р		
5.2.2	Frequency monitoring	Р		

	IEC 62116:2008		
Clause	Type Test	Result	
6.1	Islanding protection according table 6 - Load imbalance (real, reactive load) for test condition A (EUT ouput = 100%)	Р	
6.1	Load imbalance (reactive load) for test condition B (EUT output = 50 % – 66 %)	Р	
6.1	Load imbalance (reactive load) for test condition C (EUT output = 25 % – 33 %)	Р	

Deviations for Thailand according the grid-connected inverter regulations of the Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016)			
Clause	Type Test	Result	
3.4	Reactive power control		
3.4.1, 8.1.2	A fixed displacement factor cosφ	Р	
3.4.2, 8.1.2	A variable reactive power depending on the voltage Q(U)	N/A	
3.5, 12.1	Active power control	Р	
3.6, 12.2	Low voltage fault ride through capability	N/A	



# **Test Results**

Voltage fluctuation and 8.3 Voltage Fluctuation		116)		Р
Test conditions:			tion (expressed as a	
	Starting	Stopping	Run	ning
Limit	3,3%	3,3%	P <sub>st</sub> =1,0	P <sub>lt</sub> =0,65
Test value	*	*	*	*
	inve	rter <16A		
Limit	dc%	= 3,3	P <sub>st</sub> =1,0	P <sub>lt</sub> =0,65
Test value See below				

F1icker Mode Uover:==== YOKOGAWA 
Iover:==== F1icker:Complete 2:00:00

Count 12/12 Interval 10m00s/10m00s

Element 1

Volt Range 221V/50Hz Un (U1) 221.358 V Element1 Judgement: Pass Total Judgement: Pass

Freq(U1) 49.999 Hz (E1ement1)

	dc[%]	dmax[%]	d(t)[ms]	Pst	P1t
Limit	3.30	4.00	500	1.00	0.65
			3.30(%)		N:12
No. 1	0.00 Pass	0.00 Pass	0 Pass	0.07 Pass	
2	0.44 Pass	0.47 Pass	0 Pass	0.09 Pass	
3	0.00 Pass	0.00 Pass	0 Pass	0.07 Pass	
4	0.00 Pass	0.00 Pass	0 Pass	0.07 Pass	
5	0.00 Pass	0.00 Pass	0 Pass	0.07 Pass	
6	0.00 Pass	0.00 Pass	0 Pass	0.07 Pass	
7	0.00 Pass	0.00 Pass	0 Pass	0.07 Pass	
8	0.00 Pass	0.00 Pass	0 Pass	0.07 Pass	
9	0.00 Pass	0.00 Pass	0 Pass	0.07 Pass	
10	0.00 Pass	0.00 Pass	0 Pass	0.07 Pass	
11	0.00 Pass	0.00 Pass	0 Pass	0.07 Pass	
12	0.05 Pass	0.18 Pass	0 Pass	0.07 Pass	
Result	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	0.07 Pas

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# Note:

\*The stationary deviance of dc% is more relevant than the dynamic deviance of d<sub>max</sub> at starting and stopping.

Mains Impedance according EN61000-3-3:  $R_{max} = 0.24\Omega$ ;  $jX_{max} = 0.15\Omega$  @50Hz ( $|Z_{max}| = 0.283 \Omega$ ) for single phase inverter use also  $R_n = 0.16\Omega$ ;  $jX_n = 0.1\Omega$ 

Calculation of the maximum permissible grid impedance at the point of common coupling based on d<sub>c</sub>:  $Z_{max} = Z_{ref} * 3.3\% / d_c(P_n)$ 

The tests should be based on the limits of the EN 61000-3-2 for less than 16A.

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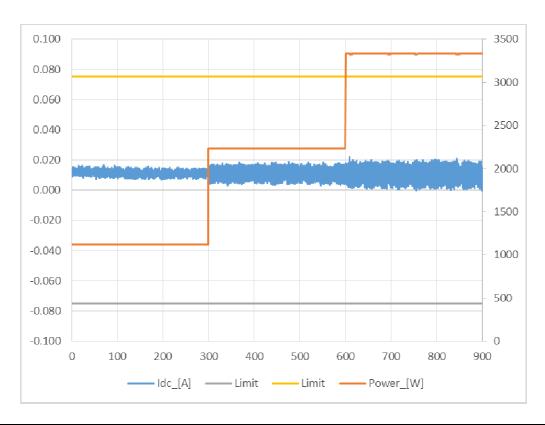


# 4.4 Monitoring of Permanent DC-Injection3.3, 8.5 Direct Current Dispatch to the Power Network System (PEA:2016)

Ρ

PEA Limit:		0,5% of I <sub>nom</sub> : 75mA	
Output power:	33%	66%	100%
Max. test value (mA):	17	19	22
Mean test value(mA):	11	11	10

# Diagram of permanent DC-injection



Note:



	Current Limit Test ected inverter regulations of the	ne Provincial Electricity Aut	hority (PEA:2016)	Р
	3	3% Output Power		
	Watts (kW)		1119	
	VA (kVA)		1122	
	Vrms (V)		220,19	
	Arms (A)		5,098	
	PF		0,9972	
	Frequency (Hz)		50,00	
	THD40 (%)		0,250	
Harmonics	Current Magnitude [A]	% of Rated Current	Phase	Harmonic Current Limits [%]
1st	5,088	33,921	Single Phase	
2nd	0,013	0,084	Single Phase	1
3rd	0,012	0,080	Single Phase	4
4th	0,006	0,042	Single Phase	1
5th	0,003	0,017	Single Phase	4
6th	0,003	0,023	Single Phase	1
7th	0,002	0,016	Single Phase	4
8th	0,003	0,022	Single Phase	1
9th	0,003	0,019	Single Phase	4
10th	0,003	0,017	Single Phase	1
11th	0,006	0,042	Single Phase	2
12th	0,003	0,017	Single Phase	0,5
13th	0,007	0,046	Single Phase	2
14th	0,002	0,016	Single Phase	0,5
15th	0,007	0,047	Single Phase	2
16th	0,005	0,032	Single Phase	0,5
17th	0,008	0,054	Single Phase	1,5
18th	0,003	0,018	Single Phase	0,375
19th	0,009	0,058	Single Phase	1,5
20th	0,002	0,015	Single Phase	0,375
21th	0,007	0,049	Single Phase	1,5
22th	0,003	0,020	Single Phase	0,375
23th	0,007	0,048	Single Phase	0,6
24th	0,002	0,015	Single Phase	0,15
25th	0,008	0,054	Single Phase	0,6
26th	0,002	0,014	Single Phase	0,15
27th	0,008	0,056	Single Phase	0,6
28th	0,003	0,017	Single Phase	0,15
29th	0,008	0,056	Single Phase	0,6
30th	0,002	0,012	Single Phase	0,15
31th	0,008	0,055	Single Phase	0,6
32th	0,002	0,011	Single Phase	0,15
33th	0,008	0,055	Single Phase	0,6
34th	0,001	0,008	Single Phase	0,15



35th         0,008         0,056         Single Phase           36th         0,001         0,009         Single Phase           37th         0,008         0,053         Single Phase           38th         0,001         0,008         Single Phase           39th         0,008         0,050         Single Phase	0,3 0,075 0,3 0,075 0,3		
37th         0,008         0,053         Single Phase           38th         0,001         0,008         Single Phase	0,3 0,075		
38th 0,001 0,008 Single Phase	0,075		
	•		
39th 0,008 0,050 Single Phase	0.3		
	0,3		
40th 0,002 0,010 Single Phase	0,075		
66% Output Power			
Watts (kW) 2218	2218		
VA (kVA) 2220	2220		
Vrms (V) 220,54			
Arms (A) 10,068			
<b>PF</b> 0,9989			
Frequency (Hz) 50,00			
<b>THD40 (%)</b> 0,253	0,253		

1			<del> </del>		
Harmonics	Current Magnitude [A] % of Rated Current		Phase	Harmonic Current Limits [%]	
1st	10,063	67,084	Single Phase		
2nd	0,016	0,106	Single Phase	1	
3rd	0,017	0,113	Single Phase	4	
4th	0,006	0,037	Single Phase	1	
5th	0,007	0,044	Single Phase	4	
6th	0,005	0,032	Single Phase	1	
7th	0,006	0,040	Single Phase	4	
8th	0,004	0,029	Single Phase	1	
9th	0,005	0,035	Single Phase	4	
10th	0,005	0,030	Single Phase	1	
11th	0,006	0,037	Single Phase	2	
12th	0,004	0,030	Single Phase	0,5	
13th	0,008	0,051	Single Phase	2	
14th	0,003	0,020	Single Phase	0,5	
15th	0,009	0,059	Single Phase	2	
16th	0,005	0,031	Single Phase	0,5	
17th	0,005	0,035	Single Phase	1,5	
18th	0,004	0,029	Single Phase	0,375	
19th	0,007	0,045	Single Phase	1,5	
20th	0,003	0,019	Single Phase	0,375	
21th	0,006	0,042	Single Phase	1,5	
22th	0,004	0,025	Single Phase	0,375	
23th	0,006	0,038	Single Phase	0,6	
24th	0,002	0,015	Single Phase	0,15	
25th	0,006	0,042	Single Phase	0,6	
26th	0,002	0,015	Single Phase	0,15	
27th	0,006	0,043	Single Phase	0,6	
28th	0,002	0,016	Single Phase	0,15	
29th	0,006	0,039	Single Phase	0,6	
30th	0,002	0,012	Single Phase	0,15	
31th	0,006	0,038	Single Phase	0,6	
32th	0,002	0,010	Single Phase	0,15	

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33th	0,005	0,035	Single Phase	0,6
34th	0,001	0,009	Single Phase	0,15
35th	0,006	0,037	Single Phase	0,3
36th	0,001	0,009	Single Phase	0,075
37th	0,005	0,035	Single Phase	0,3
38th	0,001	0,009	Single Phase	0,075
39th	0,005	0,032	Single Phase	0,3
40th	0,002	0,011	Single Phase	0,075
	10	00% Output Power		
	Watts (kW)		3,277	
	VA (kVA)		3,280	
	Vrms (V)		220,86	
	Arms (A)		12,852	
	PF		0,9990	
	Frequency (Hz)		50,00	
	THD40 (%)		0,682	
Harmonics	Current Magnitude [A]	% of Rated Current	Phase	Harmonic Current Limits [%]
1st	14,847	98,980	Single Phase	
2nd	0,022	0,145	Single Phase	1
3rd	0,087	0,582	Single Phase	4
4th	0,013	0,086	Single Phase	1
5th	0,057	0,379	Single Phase	4
6th	0,009	0,058	Single Phase	1
7th	0,041	0,271	Single Phase	4
8th	0,008	0,056	Single Phase	1
9th	0,028	0,188	Single Phase	4
10th	0,003	0,023	Single Phase	1
11th	0,013	0,089	Single Phase	2
12th	0,004	0,029	Single Phase	0,5
13th	0,012	0,083	Single Phase	2
14th	0,002	0,015	Single Phase	0,5
15th	0,010	0,068	Single Phase	2
16th	0,006	0,042	Single Phase	0,5
17th	0,012	0,079	Single Phase	1,5
18th	0,003	0,019	Single Phase	0,375
19th	0,011	0,072	Single Phase	1,5
20th	0,002	0,014	Single Phase	0,375
21th	0,007	0,049	Single Phase	1,5
22th	0,003	0,017	Single Phase	0,375
23th	0,006	0,042	Single Phase	0,6
24th	0,003	0,018	Single Phase	0,15
25th	0,007	0,046	Single Phase	0,6
26th	0,002	0,015	Single Phase	0,15
27th	0,008	0,051	Single Phase	0,6
28th	0,005	0,031	Single Phase	0,15
29th	0,007	0,046	Single Phase	0,6
30th	0,003	0,017	Single Phase	0,15

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31th	0,006	0,041	Single Phase	0,6
32th	0,002	0,015	Single Phase	0,15
33th	0,006	0,037	Single Phase	0,6
34th	0,002	0,011	Single Phase	0,15
35th	0,005	0,035	Single Phase	0,3
36th	0,002	0,012	Single Phase	0,075
37th	0,006	0,042	Single Phase	0,3
38th	0,002	0,014	Single Phase	0,075
39th	0,006	0,037	Single Phase	0,3
40th	0,002	0,014	Single Phase	0,075

**Note:** The harmonics are tested and evaluated according the IEEE1547.1-2005 clause 5.11.1 according the grid-connected inverter regulations of the Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016).

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	Voltage Limit Test ected inverter regulations of t	the Provincial Electricity Au	thority (PEA:2016	) P
	Vrms (V)		220,27	
	Frequency (Hz)		50,00	
	THD50 (%)		0,378	
Harmonics	Voltage Magnitude [V]	% of Rated Voltage	Phase	Limits [%]
2nd	0,013	0,006	Single Phase	0,2
3rd	0,453	0,206	Single Phase	4
4th	0,009	0,004	Single Phase	0,2
5th	0,397	0,180	Single Phase	4
6th	0,017	0,008	Single Phase	0,2
7th	0,332	0,151	Single Phase	4
8th	0,017	0,008	Single Phase	0,2
9th	0,265	0,120	Single Phase	2
10th	0,016	0,007	Single Phase	0,2
11th	0,218	0,099	Single Phase	0,1
12th	0,017	0,008	Single Phase	0,1
13th	0,180	0,082	Single Phase	0,1
14th	0,018	0,008	Single Phase	0,1
15th	0,147	0,067	Single Phase	0,1
16th	0,015	0,007	Single Phase	0,1
17th	0,112	0,051	Single Phase	0,1
18th	0,014	0,006	Single Phase	0,1
19th	0,083	0,038	Single Phase	0,1
20th	0,016	0,007	Single Phase	0,1
21th	0,064	0,029	Single Phase	0,1
22th	0,012	0,006	Single Phase	0,1
23th	0,052	0,023	Single Phase	0,1
24th	0,012	0,005	Single Phase	0,1
25th	0,044	0,020	Single Phase	0,1
26th	0,012	0,005	Single Phase	0,1
27th	0,037	0,017	Single Phase	0,1
28th	0,012	0,005	Single Phase	0,1
29th	0,034	0,016	Single Phase	0,1
30th	0,011	0,005	Single Phase	0,1
31th	0,034	0,015	Single Phase	0,1
32th	0,011	0,005	Single Phase	0,1
33th	0,031	0,014	Single Phase	0,1
34th	0,011	0,005	Single Phase	0,1
35th	0,035	0,016	Single Phase	0,1
36th	0,011	0,005	Single Phase	0,1
37th	0,032	0,015	Single Phase	0,1
38th	0,011	0,005	Single Phase	0,1
39th	0,035	0,016	Single Phase	0,1
40th	0,016	0,007	Single Phase	0,1
41th	0,030	0,013	Single Phase	N/A

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42th	0,011	0,005	Single Phase	N/A
43th	0,035	0,016	Single Phase	N/A
44th	0,011	0,005	Single Phase	N/A
45th	0,032	0,015	Single Phase	N/A
46th	0,011	0,005	Single Phase	N/A
47th	0,029	0,013	Single Phase	N/A
48th	0,011	0,005	Single Phase	N/A
49th	0,034	0,015	Single Phase	N/A
50th	0,011	0,005	Single Phase	N/A

**Note:** The harmonics are tested and evaluated according the IEEE1547.1-2005 clause 5.11.1 according the grid-connected inverter regulations of the Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA:2016).

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4.7 Power factor(PEA) 3.1, 8.4 Harmonic Regulation (PEA: 2016)					P
Test conditions:					
Output power [kW]	~10%	~25%	~50%	~75%	~100%
Test AC voltage [V]					
220					

#### Note:

The PV system shall have a lagging power factor greater than 0,95 when the output is greater than 50% of the rated inverter output power.

The letter "i" is short for "inductive" and indicates inductive power factor. In case of capacitive power factor the letter "c" is used instead.

Test result refer to table 3.4.1, 8.1.2 1.

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5.2.1 Volta	ige monitoring
3.7, 12.3	<b>Under and Over Voltage Protection (PEA:2016)</b>
3.10, 12.5	Response to utility recovery (PEA:2016)

Ρ

# First Level (Phase to Neutral)

Test conditions:	Output power: 5KW Frequency: 50Hz				
		Under Voltage		Over Voltage	
		Voltage [V]		Voltage [V]	
Set value		198V		242V	
		197,6		242,2	
Measured trip value		197,6		242,3	
		197,6		242,2	
Parameter		Time [s]		Time [s]	
Limit		<= 2,0s		<= 1,0s	
	220V	1,780	220V	0,620	
Disconnetion time	to 203V (4s min)	1,820	to 237V (2s min)	0,640	
	to <b>193V</b>	1,780	to 247V	0,660	
Reconnection time	20s - 5min	75s	20s - 5min	74s	

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Second Level (Phase to Neutral)				
Test conditions:	Output power: 5KW Frequency: 50Hz			
	Under Voltage		Over Voltage	
Parameter		Voltage [V]		Voltage [V]
Set value		110V		264V
Measured trip value		109,6		264,9
		109,6		264,9
		109,6		264,9
Parameter		Time [ms]		Time [ms]
Limit		<= 300ms		<= 160ms
Disconnection time	220V to 203V (0.6s min) to 105V	0,208	220V to 237V (0.32s min) to 269V	0,078
		0,200		0,098
		0,196		0,094
Reconnection time	20s - 5min	76s	20s - 5min	74s

# Note:

# Note:

The tests are according PEA 8/9/2556. The voltage settings of the EUT are set for the tests as stated to 198V, 110V for undervoltage and 242V, 264V for overvoltage.

Response to utility recovery is according to the appropriate IEEE or IEC standard test methods.

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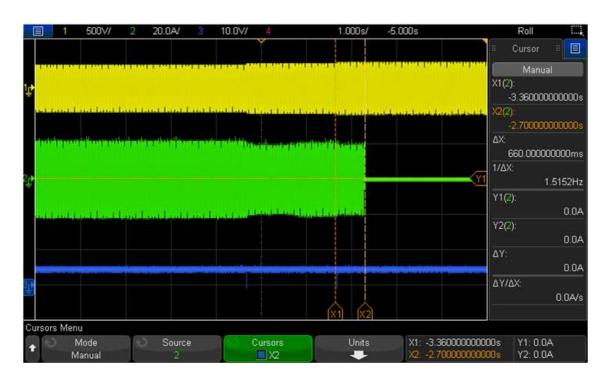
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# 

# Over voltage First Level single phase



Note: CH1: grid voltage(500V/div); CH2: Current of EUT; CH4: trip signal

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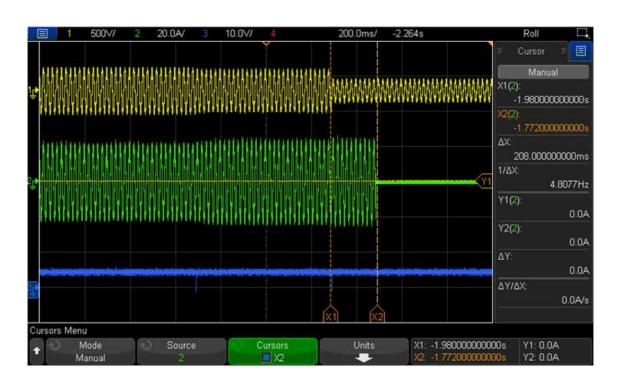
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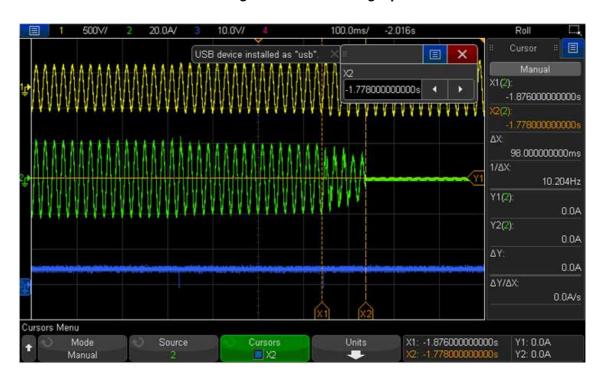


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# **Under Voltage Second Level single phase**

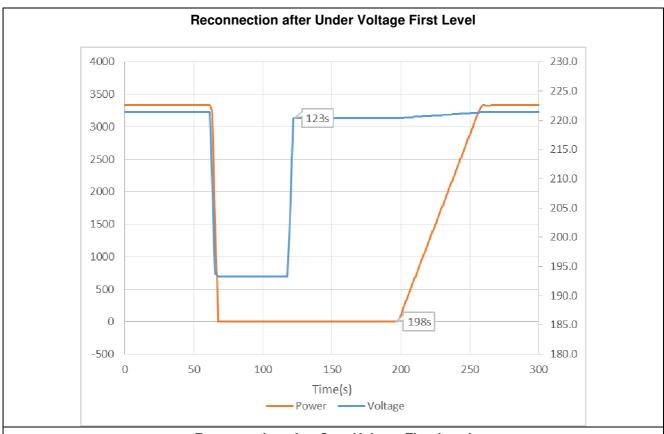


# Over voltage Second Level single phase

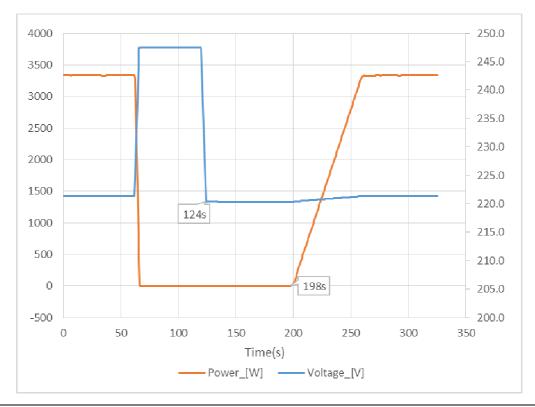


Note: CH1: grid voltage(500V/div); CH2: Current of EUT; CH4: trip signal



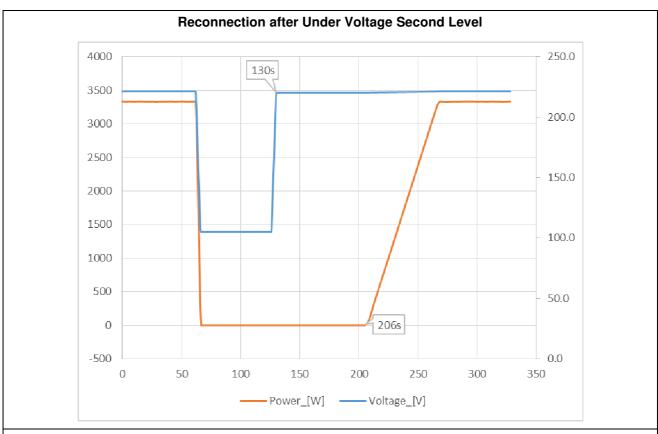


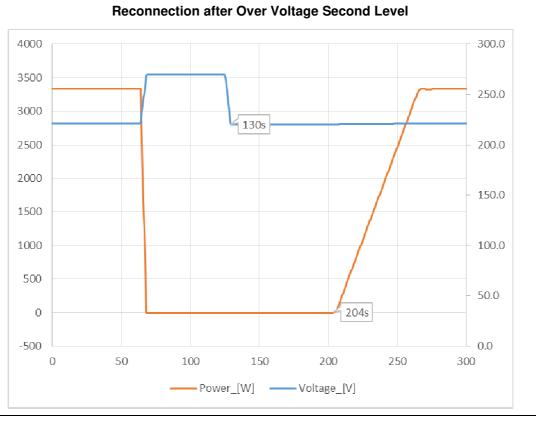
# **Reconnection after Over Voltage First Level**



Note:

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Note:



#### 5.2.2 Frequency monitoring

Р

#### **IEC 61727**

8.2 Under and Over Frequency Protection (PEA:2016)

#### 3.10, 12.5 Response to utility recovery (PEA:2016)

Test conditions:	Any output power level				
	l	Under frequency		Over frequency	
Parameter		Frequency [Hz]		Frequency [Hz]	
Output Voltage		U <sub>N</sub>		Un	
Set value		47,00Hz		52,00Hz	
		46,99		52,02	
Measured trip value(V)		46,99		52,02	
		46,99		52,02	
		Time [ms]		Time [ms]	
Limit		<= 100ms		<= 100ms	
	50,0Hz to 47,2 Hz	82	50,0 Hz	72	
Disconnection time(ms)	(0,2s min)	76	to 51,80 Hz (0,2s min)	68	
	to 46,5 Hz	66	to 52,5Hz	76	
Reconnection time (Sec)	20s – 5min	72s	20s-5min	76s	

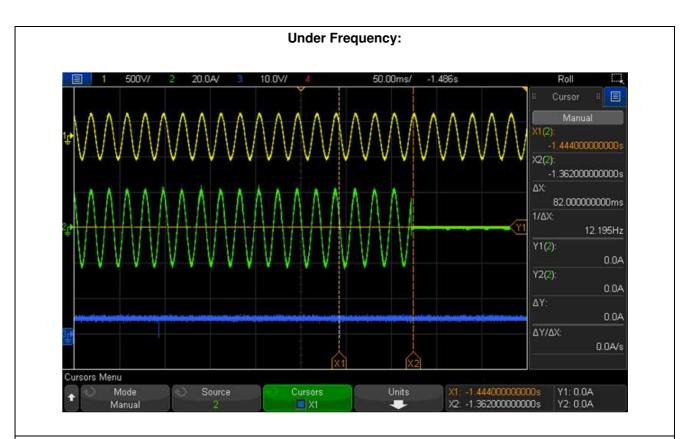
#### Note:

The frequency which inverter stops feeding power to electrical system in each test must be in the range of the frequency trip setting  $\pm$ 0,1Hz and the time it takes to cut off the power must be within 0.1 second.

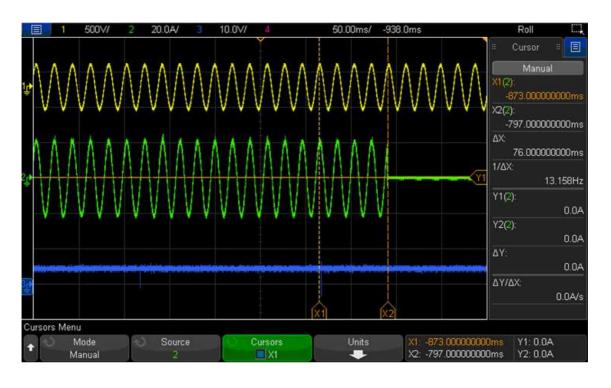
The tests are performed according the IEEE 1547.1-2005, annex A.

Response to utility recovery is according to the appropriate IEEE or IEC standard test methods.





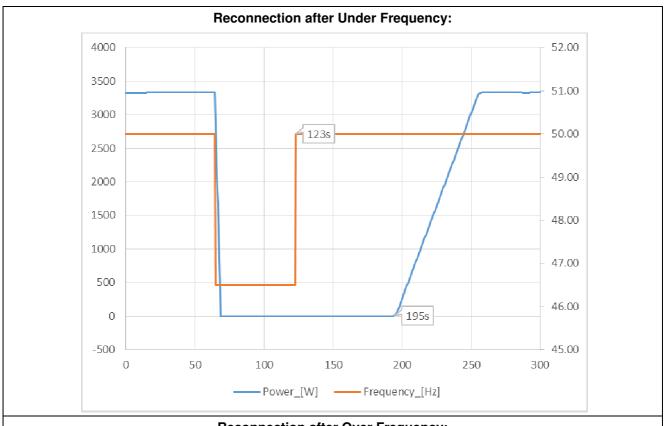
#### **Over Frequency:**

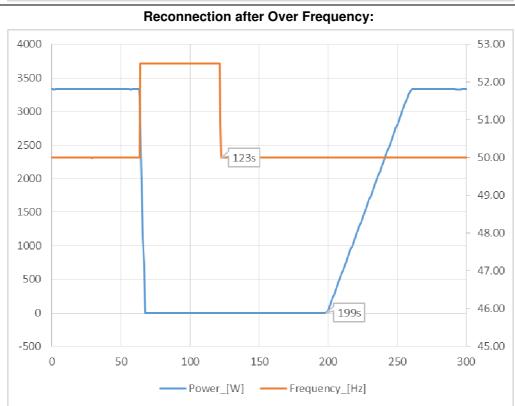


Note:

CH1: grid voltage(500V/div); CH2: Current of EUT(20A/div); CH4: trip signal







Note:

CH1: grid voltage(300V/div); CH2: Current of EUT(15A/div); CH4: trip signal



#### 6.1 Islanding protection 3.9, 12.4 Anti-Islanding (PEA:2016)

Test circuit and parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Units
EUT DC Input		
DC voltage	$V_DC$	V
DC Current	I <sub>DC</sub>	Α
DC Power	P <sub>DC</sub>	W
EUT AC ouput		
AC voltage	V <sub>EUT</sub>	V
AC current	I <sub>EUT</sub>	Α
Real power	Peut	W
Reactive power	QEUT	VAr
Test Load		
Resistive load current	I <sub>R</sub>	Α
Inductive load current	IL	Α
Capacitive load current	lc	Α
AC (utility) power source		
Utility real power	P <sub>AC</sub>	W
Utility reactive power	$Q_AC$	VAr
Utility current	lac	Α

Block diagram test circuit IEC 62116:2008

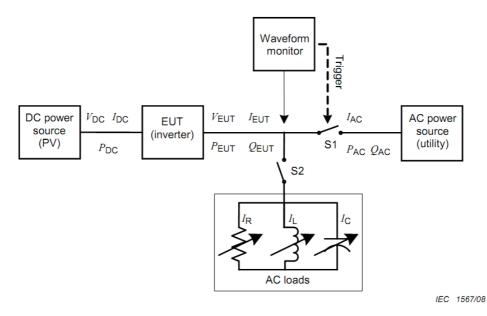


Figure 1 – Test circuit for islanding detection function in a power conditioner (inverter)

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cond	6.1 Islanding protection according table 6 - Load imbalance (real, reactive load) for test condition A (EUT ouput = 100%) 3.9, 12.4 Anti-Islanding (PEA:2016)									P
	Test conditio		Frequency: $50+/-0.1Hz$ $U_N=220+/-3Vac$ Distortion factor of chokes < $2\%$ Quality = $1$							
No	P <sub>EUT</sub> 1) (% of EUT rating)	Reactive load (% (QL in 6.1.d) 1	of	P <sub>AC</sub> <sup>2)</sup> (% of nominal)	Q <sub>AC</sub> <sup>3)</sup> (% of nominal)	Run on Time (ms)	P <sub>EUT</sub> (W per phase)	Actual Q <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>DC</sub> (V)	Remarks <sup>4)</sup>
1	100	100		0	0	646	3300	1,001	400	Test A at BL
4	100	100		-5	-5	550	3300	1,027	400	Test A at IB
5	100	100		-5	0	630	3300	1,053	400	Test A at IB
6	100	100		-5	+5	622	3300	1,079	400	Test A at IB
7	100	100		0	-5	502	3300	0,975	400	Test A at IB
8	100	100		0	+5	574	3300	1,025	400	Test A at IB
9	100	100		+5	-5	515	3300	0,929	400	Test A at IB
10	100	100		+5	0	622	3300	0,953	400	Test A at IB
11	100	100		+5	+5	586	3300	0,977	400	Test A at IB
Par	ameter at 0%	per phase	,	L= 50,82 mH				99,37 μF		
IAC	fundamental	current(A)	)				140mA			

#### Note:

RLC is adjusted to min. +/-1% of the inverter rated output power

#### Condition A:

EUT output power PEUT = Maximum 5)

EUT input voltage  $^{6)}$  = >90% of rated input voltage range

<sup>1)</sup> PEUT: EUT output power

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> P<sub>AC</sub>: Real power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0 % test condition value.

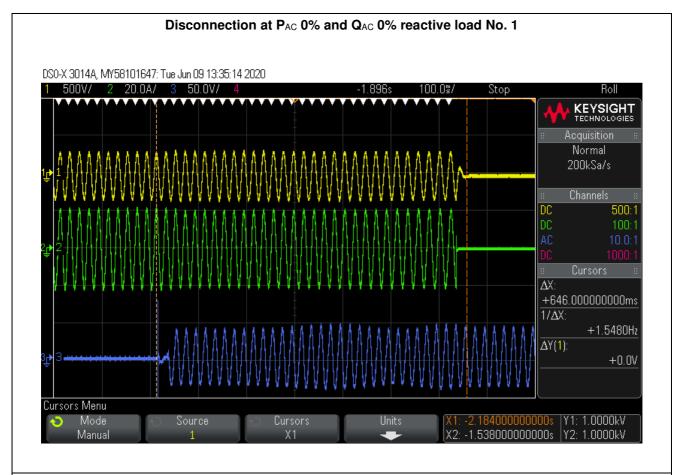
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> Q<sub>AC</sub>: Reactive power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0 % test condition value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> BL: Balance condition, IB: Imbalance condition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5)</sup> Maximum EUT output power condition should be achieved using the maximum allowable input power. Actual output power may exceed nominal rated output.

 $<sup>^{6)}</sup>$  Based on EUT rated input operating range. For example, If range is between X volts and Y volts, 90 % of range =X + 0,9 × (Y - X). Y shall not exceed 0,8 × EUT maximum system voltage (i.e., maximum allowable array open circuit voltage). In any case, the EUT should not be operated outside of its allowable input voltage range.





#### Attention:

All relays are direct coupled and open directly by receiving the islanding signal from the controller.

#### Note:

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cond	6.1 Islanding protection according Table 7 – Load imbalance (reactive load) for test condition B (EUT output = 50 % – 66 %) 3.9, 12.4 Anti-Islanding (PEA:2016)									P
	Test conditio			Frequency: 50+/-0,1Hz U <sub>N</sub> =220+/-3Vac Distortion factor of chokes < 2% Quality =1						
D	isconnection	limit Reacti	\	T			1s			T
No	P <sub>EUT</sub> 1) (% of EUT rating)	load (% Q <sub>L</sub> in 6.1.d)	of I	P <sub>AC</sub> <sup>2)</sup> (% of nominal)	Q <sub>AC</sub> <sup>3)</sup> (% of nominal)	Run on Time (ms)	P <sub>EUT</sub> (W per phase)	Actual Qf	V <sub>DC</sub> (V)	Remarks <sup>4)</sup>
1	66	66		0	-5	536	2200	0,975	245	Test B at IB
2	66	66		0	-4	658	2200	0,980	245	Test B at IB
3	66	66		0	-3	632	2200	0,985	245	Test B at IB
4	66	66		0	-2	612	2200	0,990	245	Test B at IB
5	66	66		0	-1	650	2200	0,995	245	Test B at IB
6	66	66		0	0	664	2200	1,000	245	Test B at BL
7	66	66		0	1	574	2200	1,005	245	Test B at IB
8	66	66		0	2	634	2200	1,010	245	Test B at IB
9	66	66		0	3	624	2200	1,015	245	Test B at IB
10	66	66		0	4	560	2200	1,020	245	Test B at IB
11	66	66		0	5	538	2200	1,025	245	Test B at IB
								T		
Para	ameter at 0%	per phas	se	L= 76	L= 76,19 mH R= 23,94 Ω C= 132,98 μF					
IAC	fundamental	current(A	۹)				140mA			

#### Note:

RLC is adjusted to min. +/-1% of the inverter rated output power

Condition B:

EUT output power PEUT = 50 % - 66 % of maximum

EUT input voltage  $^{5)}$  = 50 % of rated input voltage range,  $\pm 10$  %

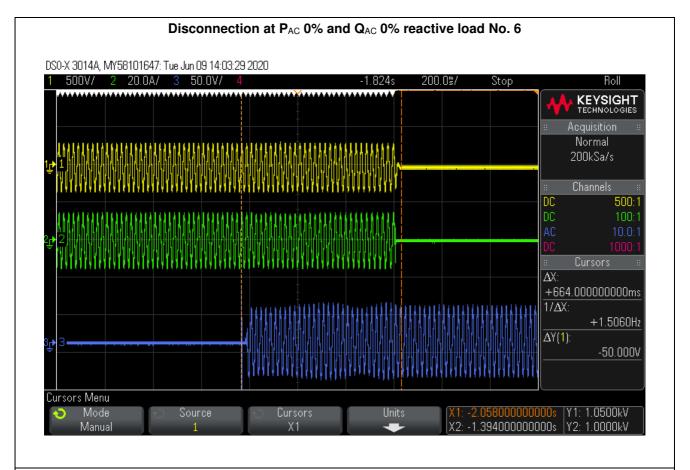
<sup>1)</sup> PEUT: EUT output power

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> P<sub>AC</sub>: Real power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0 % test condition value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> Q<sub>AC</sub>: Reactive power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0 % test condition value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> BL: Balance condition, IB: Imbalance condition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5)</sup> Based on EUT rated input operating range. For example, If range is between X volts and Y volts, 50 % of range = $X + 0.5 \times (Y - X)$ . Y shall not exceed  $0.8 \times EUT$  maximum system voltage (i.e., maximum allowable array open circuit voltage). In any case, the EUT should not be operated outside of its allowable input voltage range.



#### Attention:

All relays are direct coupled and open directly by receiving the islanding signal from the controller.

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cond	6.1 Islanding protection according Table 7 – Load imbalance (reactive load) for test condition C (EUT output = 25 % – 33 %) 8.9, 12.4 Anti-Islanding (PEA:2016)									P	
	Test conditio			Frequency: $50+/-0,1Hz$ $U_N=220+/-3Vac$ Distortion factor of chokes < 2% $Quality = 1$							
D	isconnection	limit					1s				
No	P <sub>EUT</sub> 1) (% of EUT rating)	Reacti <sup>1</sup> load (% Q <sub>L</sub> in 6.1.d)	of	P <sub>AC</sub> <sup>2)</sup> (% of nominal)	Q <sub>AC</sub> <sup>3)</sup> (% of nominal)	Run on Time (ms)	P <sub>EUT</sub> (W per phase)	Actual Q <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>DC</sub> (V)	Remarks <sup>4)</sup>	
1	33	33		0	-5	550	1100	0,975	107	Test C at IB	
2	33	33		0	-4	554	1100	0,980	107	Test C at IB	
3	33	33		0	-3	554	1100	0,985	107	Test C at IB	
4	33	33		0	-2	554	1100	0,990	107	Test C at IB	
5	33	33		0	-1	566	1100	0,995	107	Test C at IB	
6	33	33		0	0	646	1100	1,000	107	Test C at BL	
7	33	33		0	1	588	1100	1,005	107	Test C at IB	
8	33	33		0	2	630	1100	1,010	107	Test C at IB	
9	33	33		0	3	600	1100	1,015	107	Test C at IB	
10	33	33		0	4	582	1100	1,020	107	Test C at IB	
11	33	33		0	5	578	1100	1,025	107	Test C at IB	
				I							
Par	ameter at 0%	per phas	se	L= 14	149,01 mH R= 46,82 $\Omega$ C= 67,99 $\mu$ F						
IAC fundamental current(A) 140mA											

#### Note:

RLC is adjusted to min. +/-1% of the inverter rated output power

Condition C:

EUT output power PEUT = 25 % - 33 % of maximum

EUT input voltage  $^{6)}$  = <10 % of rated input voltage range

<sup>1)</sup> PEUT: EUT output power

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> P<sub>AC</sub>: Real power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0 % test condition value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> Q<sub>AC</sub>: Reactive power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0 % test condition value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> BL: Balance condition, IB: Imbalance condition.

<sup>5)</sup> Or minimum allowable EUT output level if greater than 33 %.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6)</sup> Based on EUT rated input operating range. For example, If range is between X volts and Y volts, 10 % of range = $X + 0.1 \times (Y - X)$ . Y shall not exceed  $0.8 \times EUT$  maximum system voltage (i.e., maximum allowable array open circuit voltage). In any case, the EUT should not be operated outside of its allowable input voltage range.

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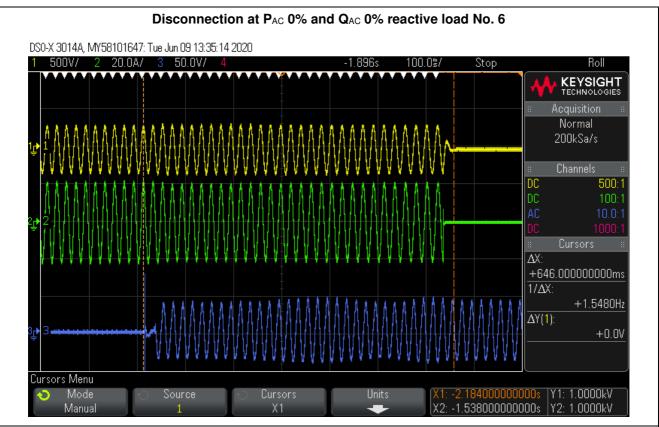
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#### Attention:

All relays are direct coupled and open directly by receiving the islanding signal from the controller.

#### Note:



PEA:2016 additional test								
3.4 Reactive power control(PEA:2016)								
Test con	ditions:	Output: 220 Va	c,50Hz			<b>-</b>		
P (setting)	P(kW)ind	P(kW)cap	Q(kVar)ind, max	Q(kVar)cap, max	PFind, max	PFcap, max		
0%	0,160	0,161	-0,135	0,156	0,7634	0,7182		
10%	0,329	0,330	-0,190	0,262	0,8660	0,8831		
20%	0,669	0,671	-0,327	0,334	0,8983	0,8950		
30%	1,007	1,009	-0,475	0,495	0,9044	0,8978		
40%	1,343	1,344	-0,626	0,656	0,9062	0,8986		
50%	1,676	1,678	-0,825	0,816	0,8970	0,8993		
60%	2,007	2,010	-0,982	0,975	0,8982	0,8998		
70%	2,337	2,339	-1,133	1,133	0,8998	0,8999		
80%	2,666	2,668	-1,281	1,294	0,9013	0,8998		
90%	3,044	2,994	-1,454	1,454	0,9023	0,8994		
100%	3,136	3,193	-1,492	1,549	0,9030	0,8996		
Note:	•	•	•	•	•	•		

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a:2016 addition	al test			Р
1, 8.1.2 1) A fixe	d displacement factor	cosφ		Р
Test conditions	: Output: 220 Vac,	50Hz		
P (setting)	PF (setting)	P(kW)	Q(kVar)	PF
0%	0,90 lagging	0,160	-0,135	0,7634
10%	0,90 lagging	0,329	-0,190	0,8660
20%	0,90 lagging	0,669	-0,327	0,8983
30%	0,90 lagging	1,007	-0,475	0,9044
40%	0,90 lagging	1,343	-0,626	0,9062
50%	0,90 lagging	1,676	-0,825	0,8970
60%	0,90 lagging	2,007	-0,982	0,8982
70%	0,90 lagging	2,337	-1,133	0,8998
80%	0,90 lagging	2,666	-1,281	0,9013
90%	0,90 lagging	3,044	-1,454	0,9023
100%	0,90 lagging	3,136	-1,492	0,9030
P (setting)	PF (setting)	P(kW)	Q(kVar)	PF
0%	0,90 leading	0,161	0,156	0,7182
10%	0,90 leading	0,330	0,262	0,7831
20%	0,90 leading	0,671	0,334	0,8950
30%	0,90 leading	1,009	0,495	0,8978
40%	0,90 leading	1,344	0,656	0,8986
50%	0,90 leading	1,678	0,816	0,8993
60%	0,90 leading	2,010	0,975	0,8998
70%	0,90 leading	2,339	1,133	0,8999
80%	0,90 leading	2,668	1,294	0,8998
90%	0,90 leading	2,994	1,454	0,8994
100%	0,90 leading	3,193	1,549	0,8996
P (setting)	PF (setting)	P(kW)	Q(kVar)	PF
0%	1,00	0,161	0,015	0,9142
10%	1,00	0,331	0,070	0,9780
20%	1,00	0,671	0,067	0,9950
30%	1,00	1,010	0,073	0,9974



40%	1,00	1,347	0,080	0,9982
50%	1,00	1,683	0,088	0,9986
60%	1,00	2,016	0,097	0,9988
70%	1,00	2,348	0,109	0,9989
80%	1,00	2,679	0,125	0,9989
90%	1,00	3,008	0,142	0,9989
100%	1,00	3,328	0,161	0,9988
Noto:	•	•	•	•

Note:

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PEA:2016 additional test	N/A
3.4.2, 8.1.2 2) A variable reactive power depending on the voltage Q(U) (PEA:2016) (Power generation system is greater than 500kW)	N/A

The purpose of the test is to ensure that the converter complies with the methods for automatically supplying reactive power according to the standard characteristic curve Q(U) indicated in 1.5.

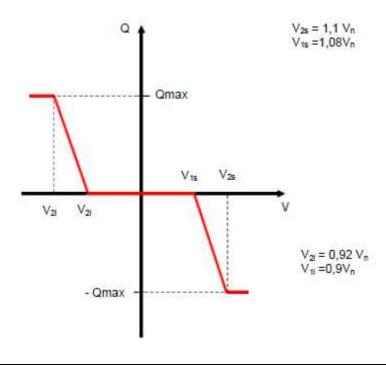
Activation must be at the Distributor's request, when the Operating Regulations are issued. The Distributor shall also specify the values of the parameters that uniquely characterise the curve, i.e.: V1i, V2i, V1s and V1s as well as the lock-in value of active power (default value  $P = 0.2 P_0$ ).

The parameters V1i, V2i, V1s and V1s should be set in the range between 0,9 and 1,1 with 0,01  $V_n$  steps. In order to facilitate execution of the type tests, the characterising parameters are conventionally set as follows:

 $V1s = 1,08 V_n; V2s = 1,1 V_n$ 

 $V1i = 0.92 V_n$ ;  $V2i = 0.9 V_n$ 

and the active power lock-in value (default value  $P = 0.2 P_n$ ).





PEA:2016 additional test			Р		
3.5, 12.1 Active power control (PEA:2016)					
Setpoint in power bin [%]	P <sub>setpoint</sub> [kW]	P <sub>60</sub> [kW]	Decrease time (s)		
100%	3,300	3,326			
90%	2,970	3,001	9s		
80%	2,640	2,669	9s		
70%	2,310	2,338	9s		
60%	1,980	2,007	9s		
50%	1,650	1,692	9s		
40%	1,320	1,345	9s		
30%	0,990	1,014	9s		
20%	0,660	0,683	9s		
10%	0,330	0,353	9s		
0% 0,000		0,179	9s		
3500					
3500 3000 2500 2000 1500					
3000 2500 2000 1500					
3000 2500 2000 1500					

Note:

Power\_[W] ——Psetting\_[W]



PEA:2016 additional test  3.6, 12.2 Low voltage fault Ride through capability (PEA:2016) (Power generation system is greater than 500kW)					
Test P>0,9Pn*	· · · ·				
Three-phase faults	0,7-0,8V <sub>n</sub>				
	$0,3-0,5V_n$				
	0-0,05V <sub>n</sub>				
Phase to phase faults	0,7-0,8V <sub>n</sub>				
	0,3-0,5V <sub>n</sub>				
	0-0,05V <sub>n</sub>				
Cinale aboot to average foults					
Single phase to ground faults	0,7-0,8V <sub>n</sub>				
	0,3-0,5V <sub>n</sub>				
	0-0,05V <sub>n</sub>				
Test P=0,3Pn		<u> </u>			
Three-phase faults	0,7-0,8V <sub>n</sub>				
	0,3-0,5V <sub>n</sub>				
	0-0,049V <sub>n</sub>				
Phase to phase faults	0,7-0,8V <sub>n</sub>				
	0,3-0,5V <sub>n</sub>				
	0-0,049V <sub>n</sub>				
Cinale phase to ground faults	0.7.0.01				
Single phase to ground faults	0,7-0,8V <sub>n</sub>				
	0,3-0,5V <sub>n</sub>				
T	0-0,049V <sub>n</sub>				
Test P=0,1 Pn	0 = 0 01/				
Three-phase faults	0,7-0,8V <sub>n</sub>				
	0,3-0,5V <sub>n</sub>				
	0-0,049V <sub>n</sub>				
Phase to phase faults	0,7-0,8V <sub>n</sub>				
	0,3-0,5V <sub>n</sub>				
	0-0,049V <sub>n</sub>				

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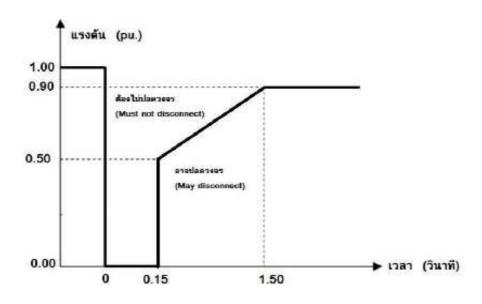


Single phase to ground faults	0,7-0,8V <sub>n</sub>	
	0,3-0,5V <sub>n</sub>	
	0-0,049V <sub>n</sub>	

#### Note:

The PGS must not disconnected from gird while the PCC voltage dip period less than below curve limit.

- a) install and connect the PGS and recommendation of the technical requirements of the equipment manufacturer .
- b) Check all parameters of power supply in normal conditions, the operation of power system equipment.
- testing by simulation the voltage . ( I try to short-circuit in the power network ) in the electricity network to balance the pressure between  $70-80\%V_n$ ,  $30-50\%V_n$ , and less than 5 percent of the normal operating pressure .
- d) Record the maximum time power system can still connect to the electricity network as shown on above table.



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## Annex 1 Pictures of the unit

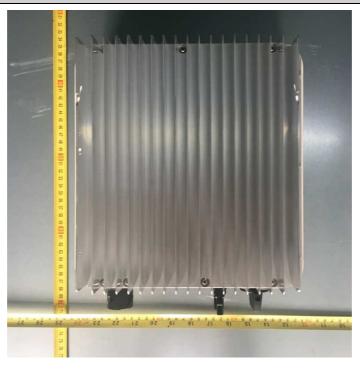
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### Enclosure front view



#### **Enclosure rear view**

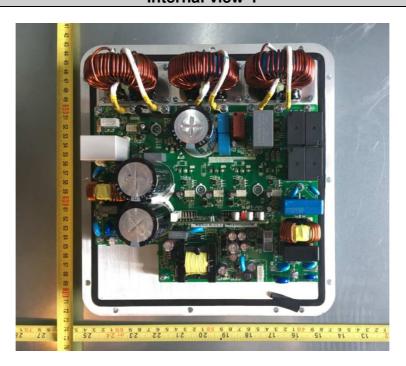




#### **Terminal side view**



#### Internal view-1

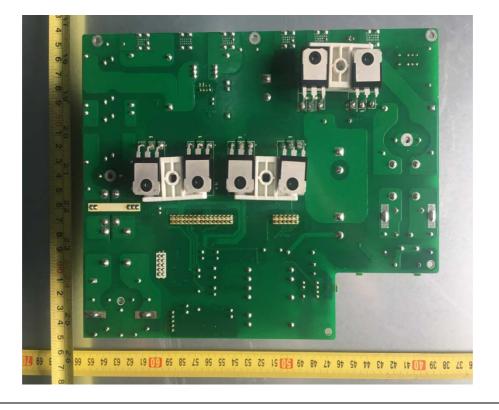




#### Main power board component side view



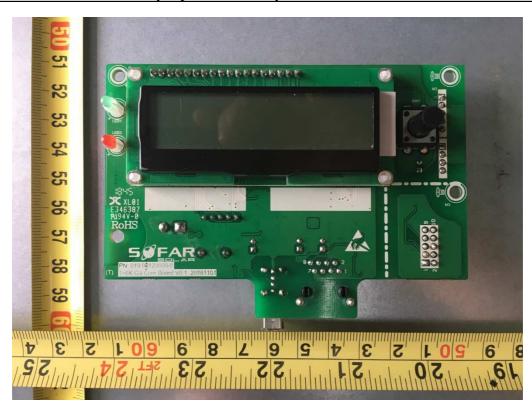
#### Main power board solder side view



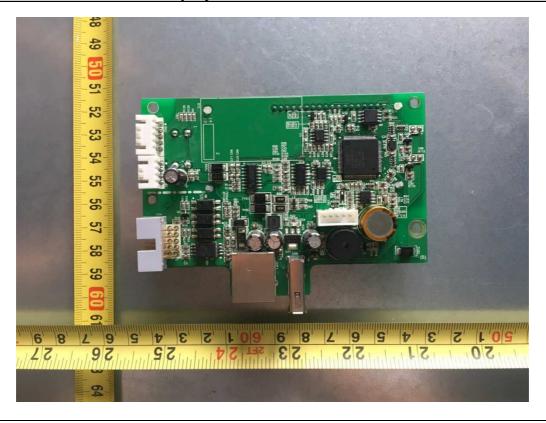
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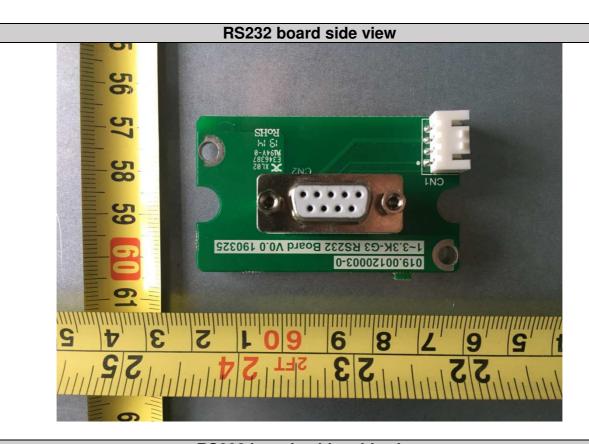
#### Display board component side view

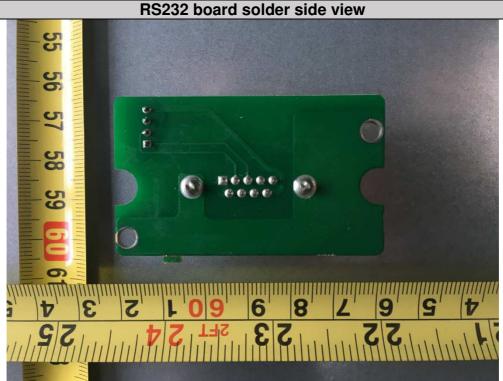


#### Display board solder side view

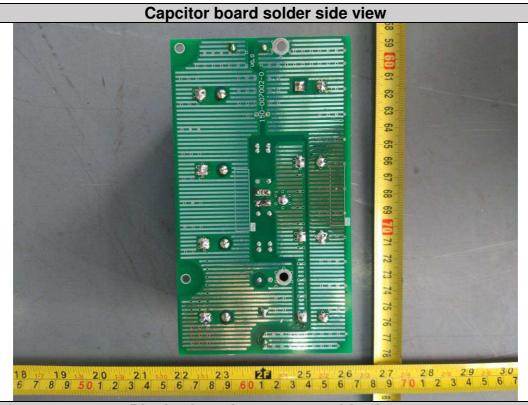


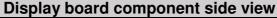


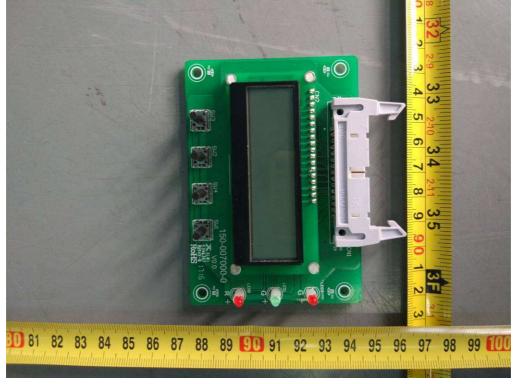




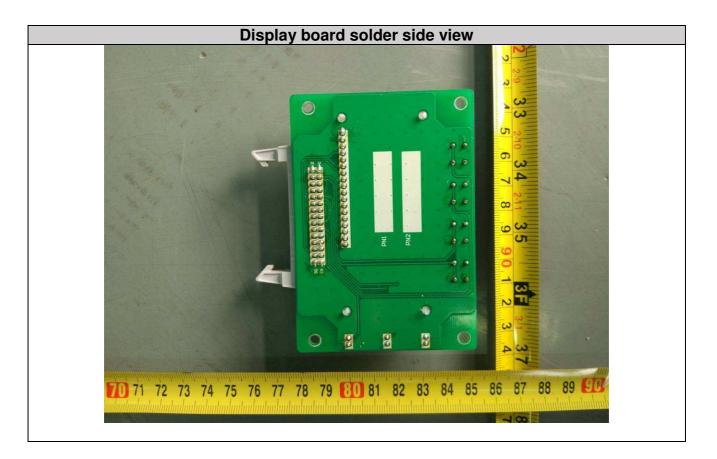














# Annex 2 Test equipment list

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TRF No. IEC61727/IEC62116\_PEA VER.2



Report No.: PVTH200320N031

### Testing Location: Bureau Veritas Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Dongguan Branch Dates of performance test: 2020-03-20 to 2020-06-23

Dates of performance test. 2020-03-20 to 2020-00-23					
Equipment	Internal No.	Manufacturer	Туре	Serial No.	Last Calibration
Power Analyzer	A4080002DG	YOKOGAWA	WT3000	91M210852	Sep. 12, 2019
AC Source	A7040019DG	Chroma	61512	61512000439	
AC Source	A7040020DG	Chroma	61512	61512000438	
DC Simulation Power Supply	A7040016DG	Chroma	62150H-1000S	62150EF00490	Monitored by Power Analyzer
DC Simulation Power Supply	A7040017DG	Chroma	620028	620028EF00120	1 owo. 7 mary 201
RLC Load	A7150027DG	Qunling	ACLT-3803H	93VOO2869	
Digital Phosphor Oscilloscope	//	KEYSIGHT	DSOX3014T	MY57231269	Jan. 14, 2020
Oscilloscope probel	A1490008DG	YOKOGAWA	701901	//	Sep. 20, 2019
Oscilloscope probel	A1490009DG	YOKOGAWA	701901	//	Sep. 20, 2019
Oscilloscope probel	A1490010DG	YOKOGAWA	701901	//	Sep. 20, 2019
Current transducer	A1060007DG	YOKOGAWA	CT200	1130700012	Sep. 12, 2019
Current transducer	A1060008DG	YOKOGAWA	CT200	1130700017	Sep. 12, 2019
Current transducer	A1060009DG	YOKOGAWA	CT200	1130700019	Sep. 12, 2019